



Citations and Attributions

Yujian Tang | Zilliz



Speaker



Yujian Tang

Developer Advocate, Zilliz

yujian@zilliz.com

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/yujiantang>

https://www.twitter.com/yujian_tang



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01

Why Do Citations Matter?

A Hallucination Problem

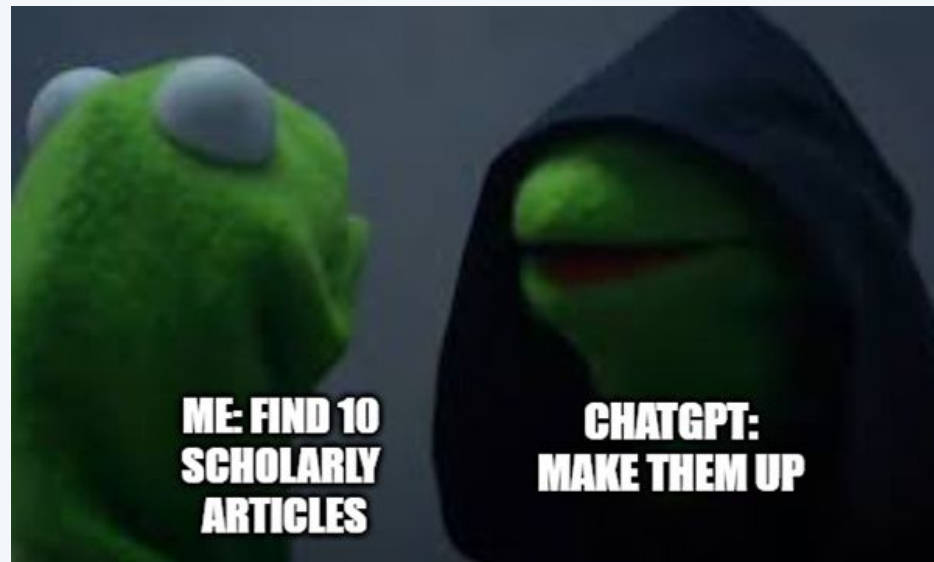
FORBES > BUSINESS

BREAKING

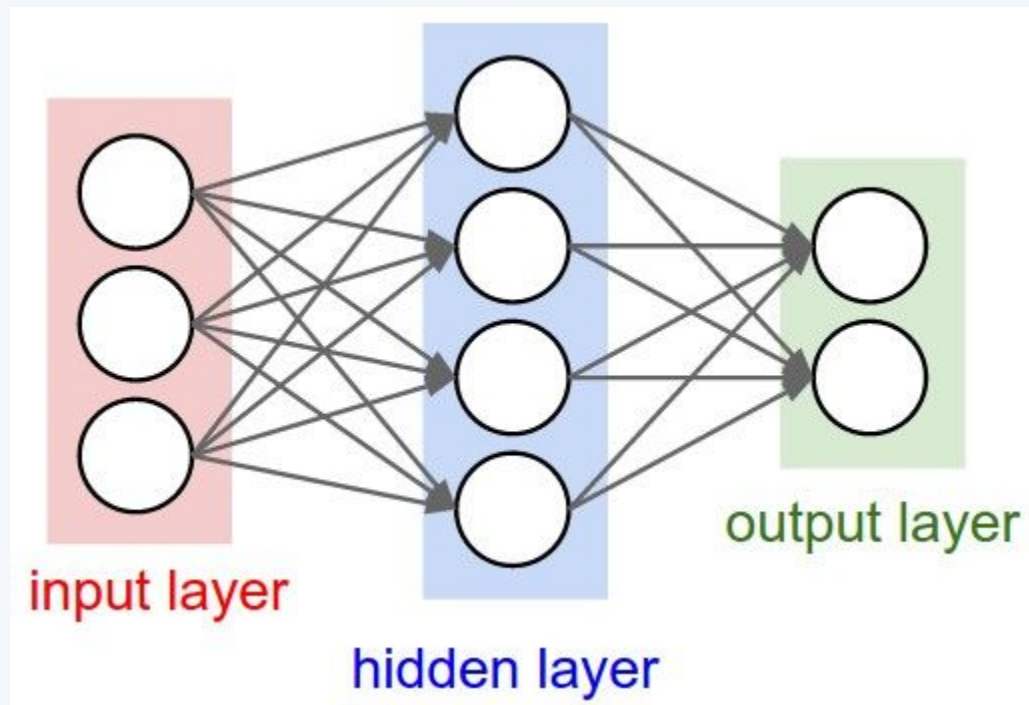
Lawyer Used ChatGPT In Court—And Cited Fake Cases. A Judge Is Considering Sanctions

Molly Bohannon Forbes Staff
I cover breaking news.

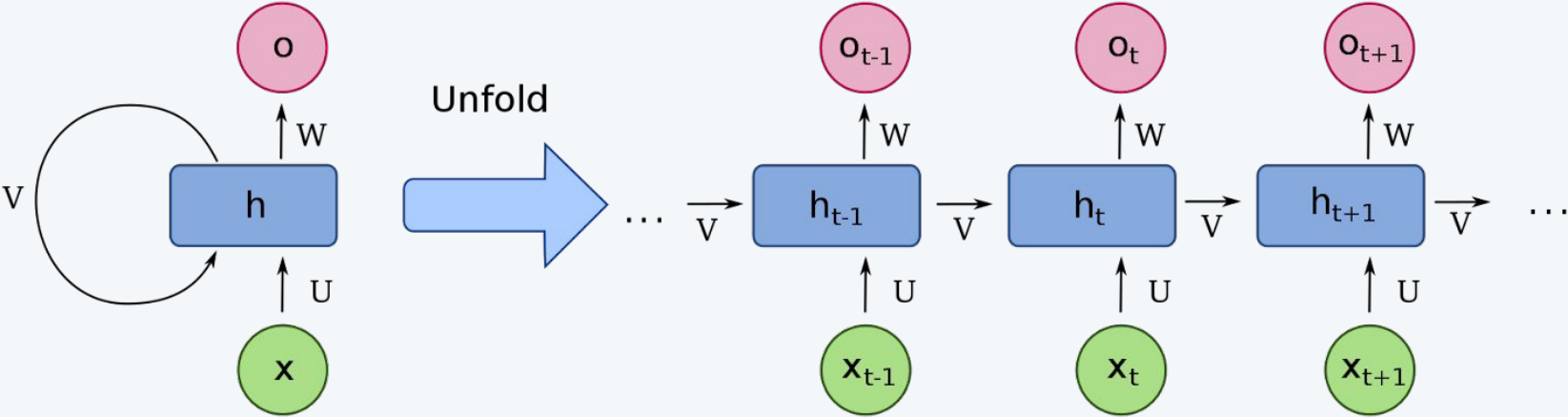
Follow



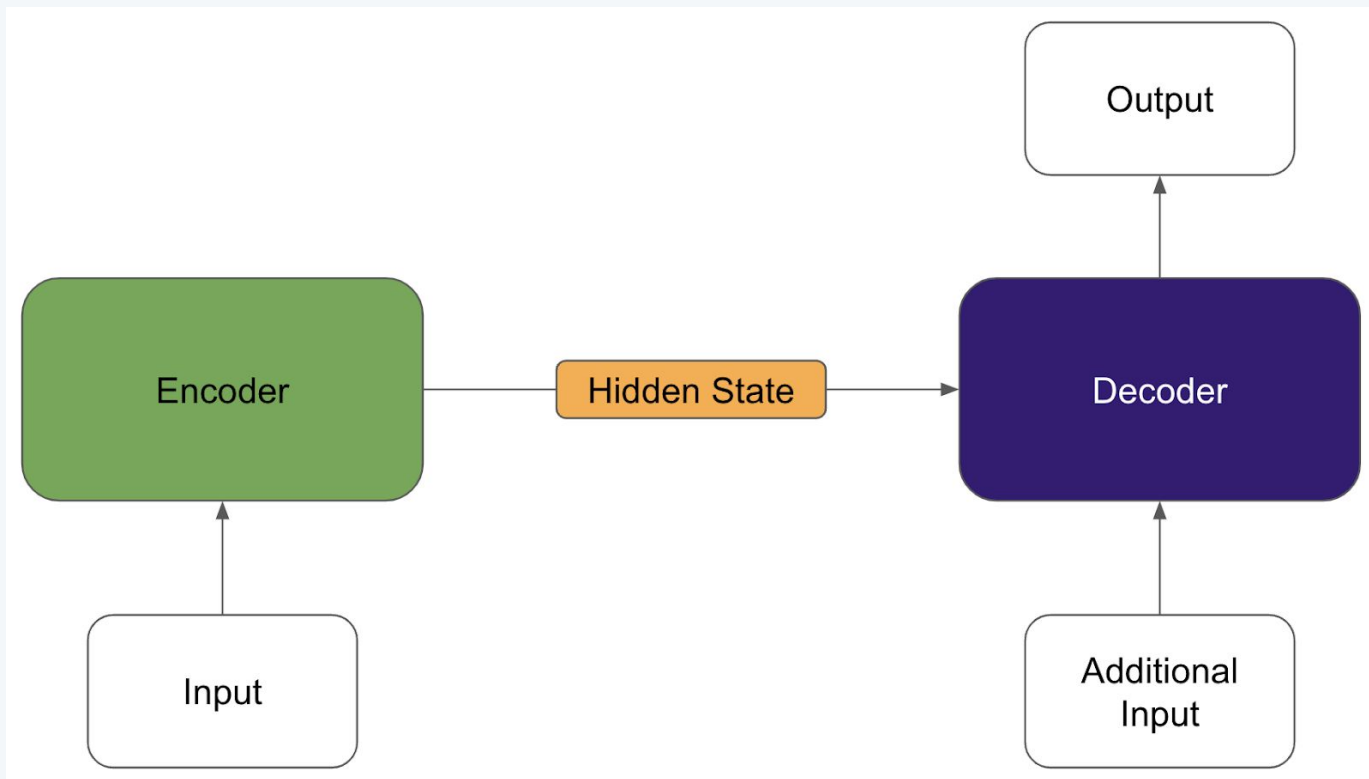
A Basic Neural Net



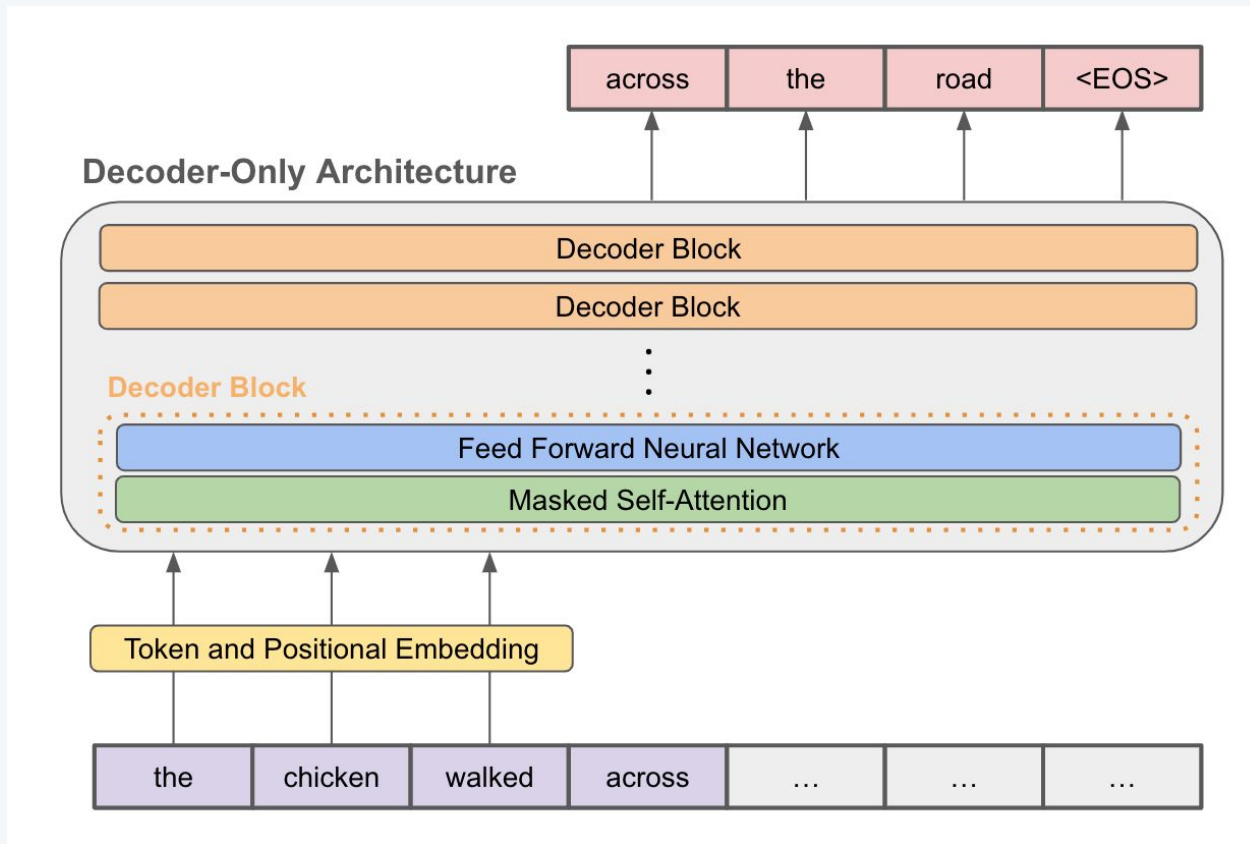
A Recurrent Neural Network



A Transformer Architecture



GPT Architecture



Takeaway

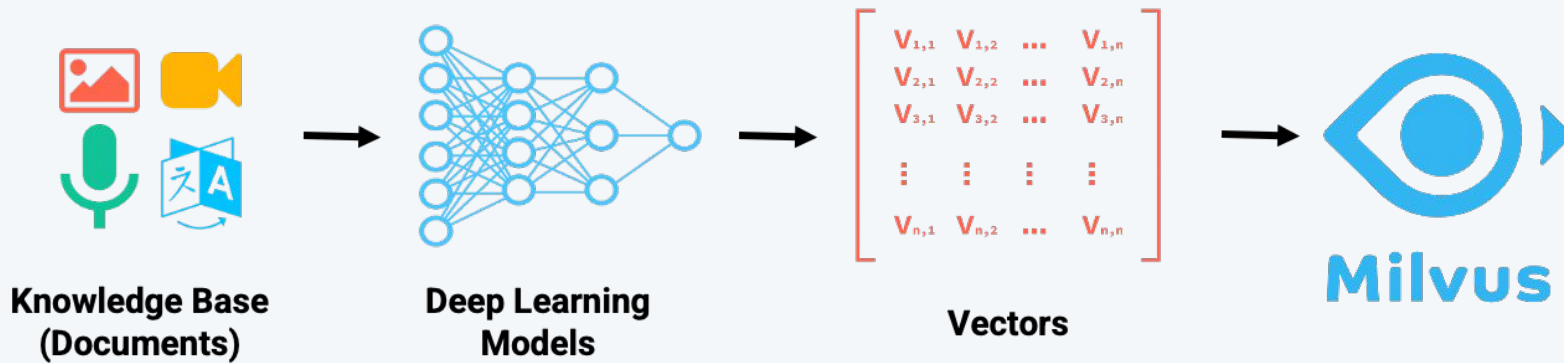
The reason ChatGPT hallucinates is because ...

It's set up to predict a series of words (tokens)

02

How Can You Build a Citation Engine?

Process for Basic Data Injection to LLMs



Semantic Similarity

Queen - Woman + Man = King

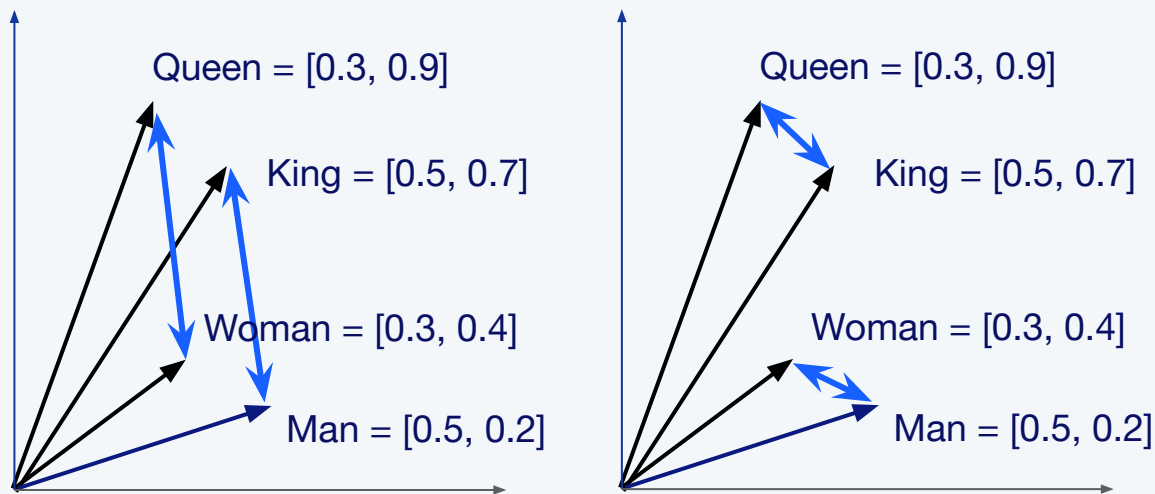
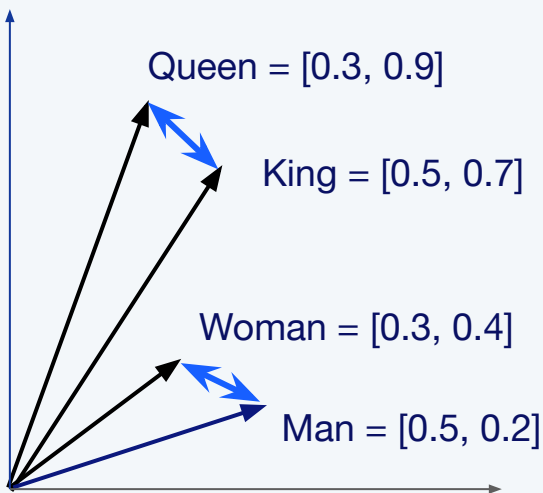
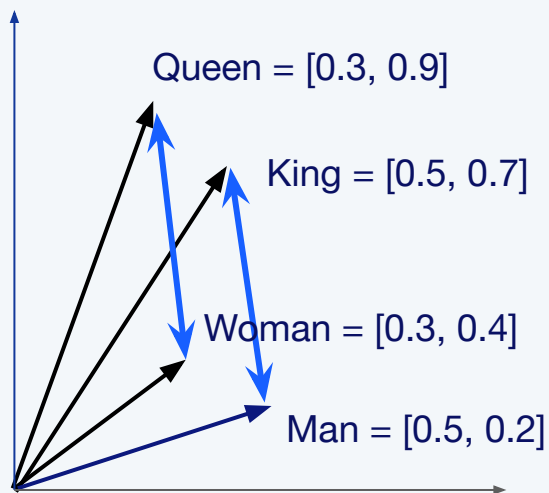


Image from [Sutor et al](#)

Semantic Similarity

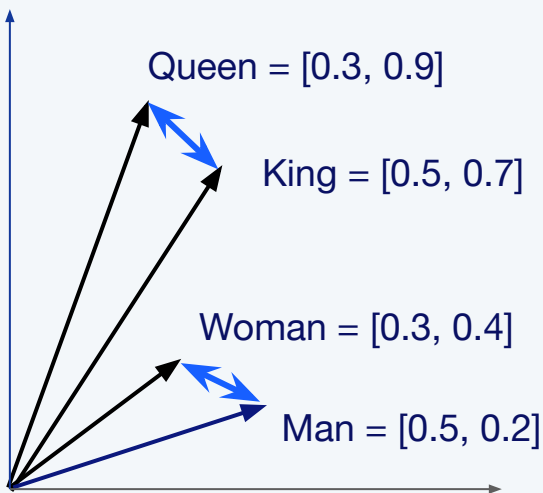
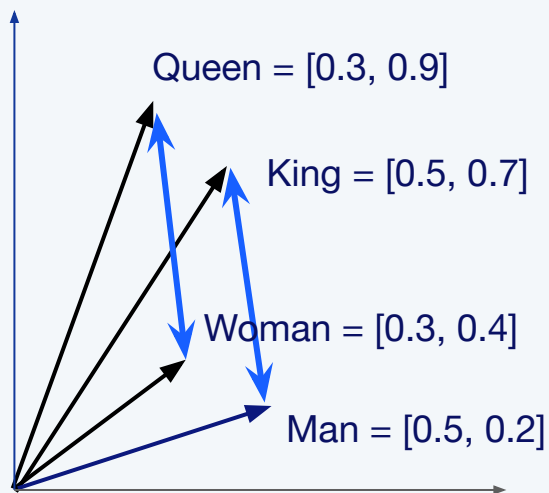


Queen - Woman + Man = King

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Queen} = [0.3, 0.9] \\ - \text{Woman} = [0.3, 0.4] \\ \hline [0.0, 0.5] \end{array}$$

Image from [Sutor et al](#)

Semantic Similarity

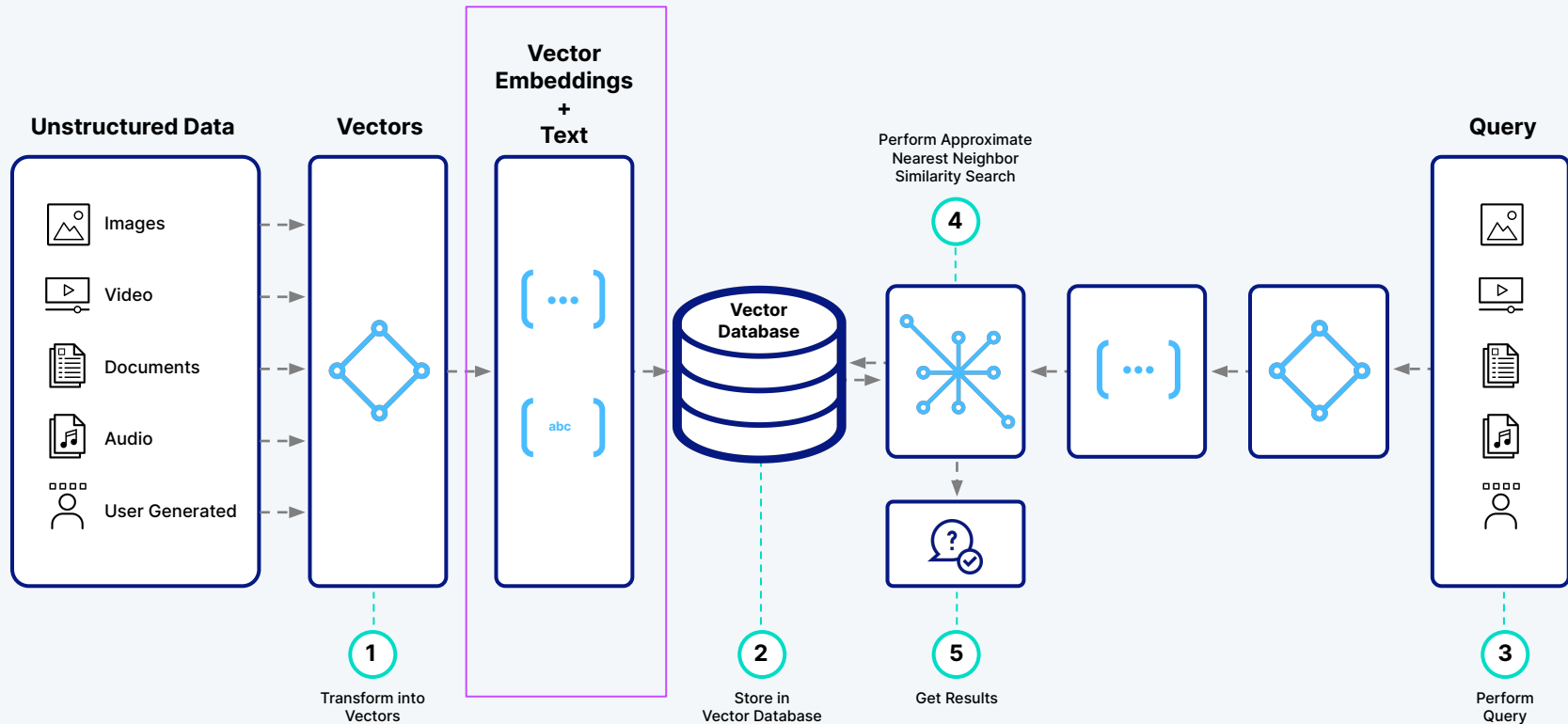


Queen - Woman + Man = King

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Queen} = [0.3, 0.9] \\ - \text{Woman} = [0.3, 0.4] \\ \hline \quad [0.0, 0.5] \\ + \text{Man} = [0.5, 0.2] \\ \hline \text{King} = [0.5, 0.7] \end{array}$$

Image from [Sutor et al](#)

Typical Similarity Search



What Does Your Data Look Like?

```
"id": "https://towardsdatascience.com/detection-of-credit-card-fraud-with-an-autoencoder-9275854  
"embedding": [-0.042092223,-0.0154002765,-0.014588429,-0.031147376,0.03801204,0.013369046,0  
"date": "2023-06-01"  
"paragraph": "We define an anomaly as follows:"  
"reading_time": "11"  
"subtitle": "A guide for the implementation of an anomaly..."  
"publication": "Towards Data Science"  
"responses": "1"  
"article_url": "https://towardsdatascience.com/detection-of-credit-card-fraud-with-an-autoencoder-  
"title": "Detection of Credit Card Fraud with an Autoencoder"  
"claps": "229"
```

↑ Hide 6 fields

🔍 Vector search

03

What Goes Into a Citation Engine?

LLM App Framework

CVP Stack

C: ChatGPT (or any other LLM)

- This can also be interpreted as the “processor” block for CVP

V: Vector database (e.g. Milvus)

- Can also be interpreted as the “storage” block for CVP

P: Prompt-as-code (e.g. Haystack)

- Interface between processor and storage blocks

Where Do Citations Sit?

CVP Stack

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Example Notebook



04

FAQs

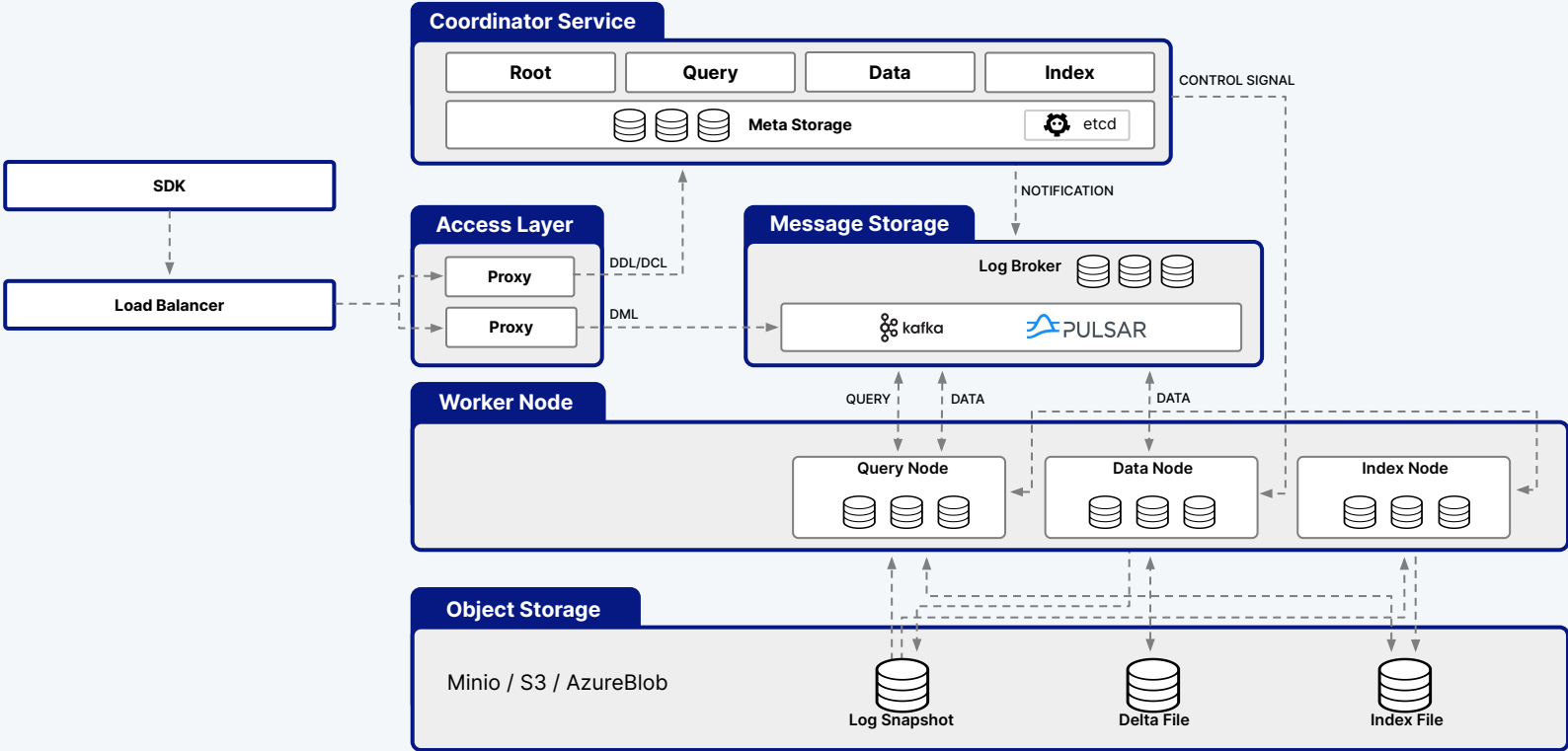
FAQ - Use Cases

- When *NOT* to use
- CSV Files? PDFs?
- Hybrid Search

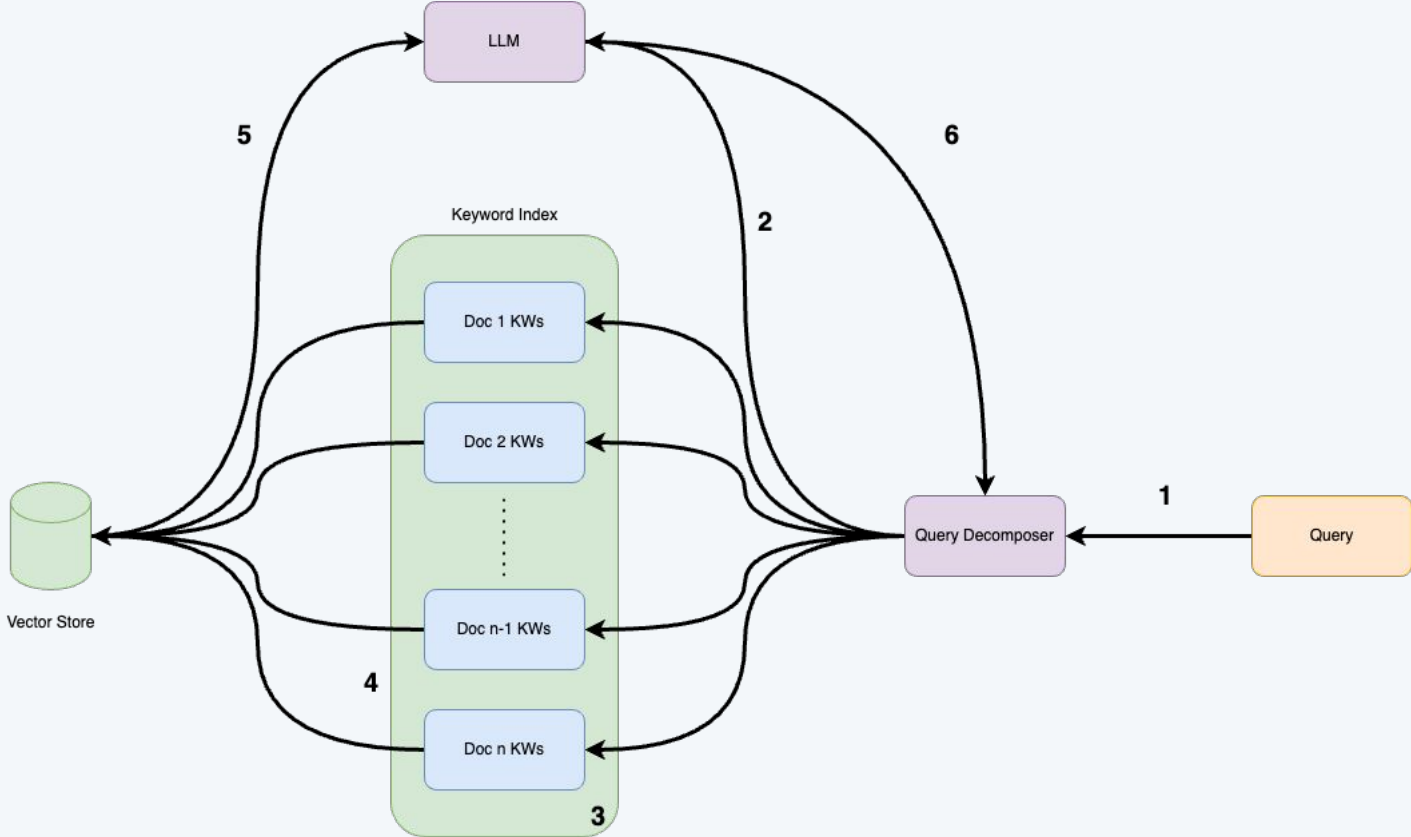
THANK YOU



Vector Database Architecture



Architecture



Multi Document Query Engine Code Sample



05

Appendix

An Example Idea

Example

- A company has 100,000s+ pages of proprietary documentation to enable their staff to service customers.

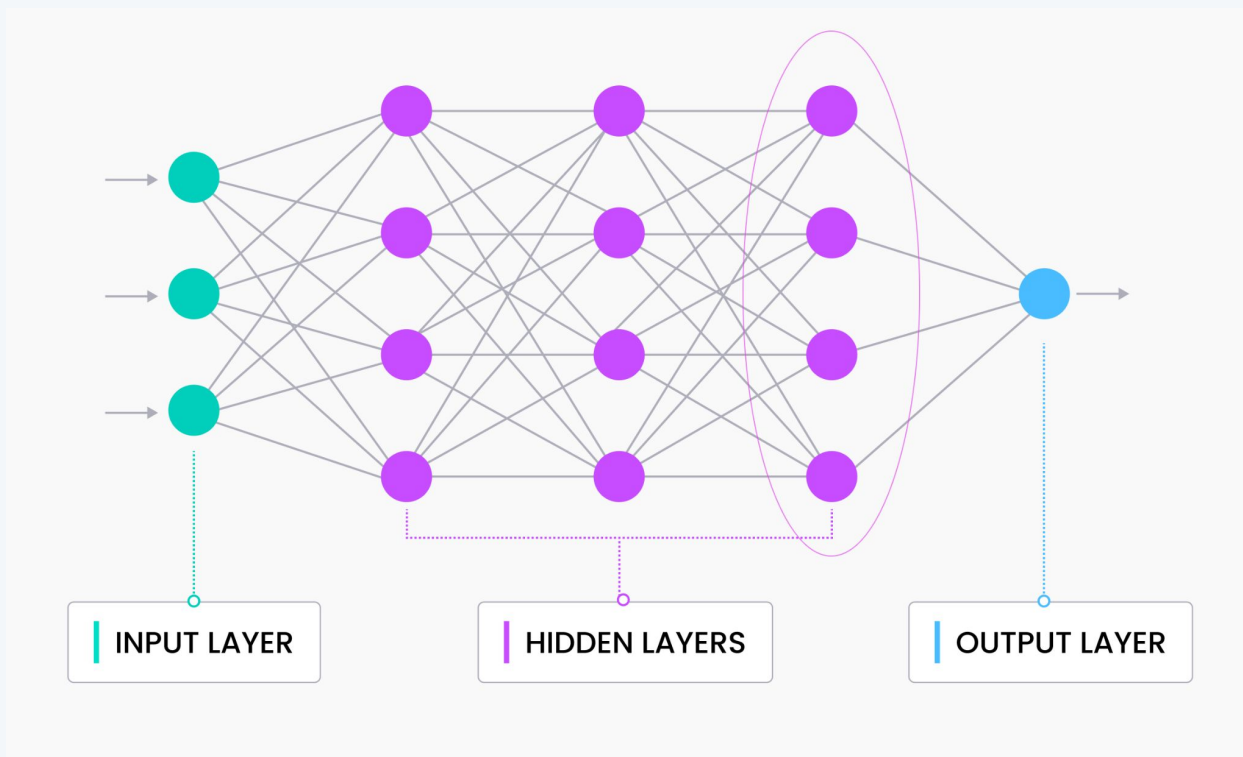
Problem

- Searching can be slow, inefficient, or lack context.

Solution

- Create internal chatbot with ChatGPT and a vector database enriched with company documentation to provide direction and support to employees and customers.

How are these generated?



Traditional databases face lots of challenges to manage vectors

- Inefficiency in High-dimensional spaces
- Suboptimal Indexing
- Inadequate query support
- Lack of scalability
- Limited analytics capabilities
- Data conversion issues

Why a Vector Database?

Purpose-built to store, index and query vector embeddings from unstructured data.

Vector database

- Advanced filtering (filtered vector search, chained filters)
- Hybrid search (e.g. full text + dense vector)
- Durability (any write in a db is durable, a library typically only supports snapshotting)
- Replication / High Availability
- Sharding
- Aggregations or faceted search
- Backups
- Lifecycle management (CRUD, Batch delete, dropping whole indexes, reindexing)
- Multi-tenancy

Vector search library

- High-performance vector search

How do I support different applications?

- High query load
- High insertion/deletion
- Full precision/recall
- Accelerator support (GPU, FPGA)
- Billion-scale storage